



Republic of the Philippines
Region XII
PROVINCE OF COTABATO
OFFICE OF THE SANGGUNIANG PANLALAWIGAN
Amas, Kidapawan City

GOVERNOR ROSARIO P. DIAZ, M.D. BUILDING, PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT CENTER, AMAS, KIDAPAWAN CITY * TEL./FAX: (064) 278-7004

EXCERPT FROM THE MINUTES OF THE 140TH REGULAR SESSION OF THE SANGGUNIANG PANLALAWIGAN OF COTABATO (2010-2013), HELD IN THE SANGGUNIANG PANLALAWIGAN SESSION HALL, AMAS, KIDAPAWAN CITY, ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 18, 2013.

PRESENT:

Hon. Gregorio T. Ipong	Presiding Officer/ Vice Governor
Hon. Cristobal D. Cadungon	Board Member
Hon. Jose I. Tejada	Board Member
Hon. Shirlyn D. Macasarte, R.N.	Board Member
Hon. Onofre L. Respicio	Board Member
Hon. Eliseo D. Garcesa, Jr.	Board Member
Hon. Celestino R. Rapacon	Board Member
Hon. Vicente C. Sorupia, Jr.	Board Member
Hon. Dulia D. Sultan	Board Member
Hon. Ralf Cyrelle S. Silvestre	Board Member

ABSENT:

Hon. Airene Claire A. Pagal, R.N.	Board Member (O.B.)
Hon. Noel S. Baynosa	Board Member (Sp.L.)
Hon. Rogelio L. Marañon	Board Member (O.B.)

PROVINCIAL ORDINANCE NO. 521

**THE 2013 ORGANIC AGRICULTURE CODE
OF COTABATO PROVINCE.**

Author:
BOARD MEMBER VICENTE C. SORUPIA, JR.

Co-Authors:
BOARD MEMBER ONOFRE L. RESPICIO
BOARD MEMBER CRISTOBAL D. CADUNGON

Be it ordained by the Sangguniang Panlalawigan, in a regular session assembled, THAT:

**CHAPTER I
GENERAL PROVISIONS**

**ARTICLE I
TITLE, POLICIES, PRINCIPLES AND TERMINOLOGIES**

SECTION 1. TITLE. *This Ordinance shall be known as the “2013 Organic Agriculture Code of Cotabato Province”, hereinafter referred to as the CODE.*

SECTION 2. DECLARATION OF POLICY. *The Provincial Government of Cotabato acknowledges the importance of environmentally-sound, ecologically responsible farming systems anchored on biodiversity in sustaining life and its significant role in organic agriculture.*

Therefore, in furtherance of the policies of the State as declared in Republic Act No. 10068, otherwise known as the Organic Agriculture Act of 2010, the Province shall promote, develop further and implement the practice of organic agriculture that will cumulatively condition and enrich fertility of the soil; increase farm productivity; prevent the depletion of natural resources; further protect the health of farmers, consumers and the general public, and save on imported farm inputs.

On the basis of the aforesaid considerations, it is hereby declared the policy of the Province to advance the right of all citizens to food sufficiency, sovereignty and safety, sustainable livelihood, and social equity in accord with the rhythm and harmony of nature. Towards this end, the Provincial Government shall endeavor to encourage, promote and mainstream organic agriculture and agricultural biodiversity protection.

SECTION 3. DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES. *Organic agriculture herein contemplated is anchored on the following principles:*

- a. The promotion and enhancement of organic agriculture and agricultural biodiversity conservation shall be the overarching framework of all agricultural endeavors. Participation and involvement of stakeholders are fundamental in sustainable development;
- b. Organic agriculture contributes to the attainment of food security, ecological sustainability, economic development and wellbeing of the people;
- c. The empowerment of marginalized farmers is a priority, and organic agriculture and agricultural biodiversity conservation are foundations of the strategy for poverty reduction and sustainable livelihood;
- d. Consumer protection is guaranteed throughout the production cycles and processes of organic agriculture through strict quality control;
- e. Organic value chain approach ensures the holistic development of organic agriculture from seeds to shelves. It also ensures that organic products have certified organic branding in accordance with the Philippine National Standards; and,
- f. Organic agriculture as climate change adaptation and mitigation strategies shall be integral components of the development plan of the Province.

SECTION 4. DEFINITION OF TERMS. *As used in this Ordinance, the following terms shall mean:*

- a. **Accreditation** – refers to the procedure by which a government agency having jurisdiction formally recognizes the

competence of a private organic agriculture extension service provider following a set of defined criteria.

- b. **Agricultural Biodiversity** – refers to the number of species and varieties of organisms in agricultural ecosystems.
- c. **Certification** – is the procedure by which officially recognized certification bodies provide written or equivalent assurance that foods or food control system conform to requirements set by the Philippine National Standards.
- d. **Consumer Groups** – are groups patronizing and advocating organic products.
- e. **Conventional Farms** – are farms using synthetic, chemical, pesticides, fertilizers and GMOs.
- f. **Conversion** – is the process of transforming a conventional farm into an organic farm for a defined period, following standards set by IFOAM or any BAFPS-accredited certification body.
- g. **Curators**– refer to individuals who preserve and conserve plant and animal genetic resources.
- h. **Ex-situ Conservation** – refers to off-site conservation. It is the process of protecting endangered species of plant and animal outside its natural habitat.
- i. **Food Security** – refers to the condition achieved when all people at all times have physical and economic access to sufficient, safe and nutritious food to meet their dietary needs and food preferences for an active and healthy life.
- j. **Food Self-sufficiency** – refers to the condition of being able to meet consumption needs from production rather than by buying or importing.
- k. **Food Sovereignty** - refers to the right of peoples to healthy and culturally appropriate food produced through ecologically sound and sustainable methods, as well as their right to determine their own food and agriculture system.
- l. **Gene Bank** – refers to an institution established to preserve and conserve genetic resources.
- m. **Genetically Modified Organism (GMO)** – an organism derived through modern biotechnology tools as defined by the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety.
- n. **Germplasm** – refers to genetic material
- o. **Holistic** – refers to the quality of being all-encompassing or wide-ranging in coverage
- p. **Indigenous Knowledge System** – refers to the knowledge system developed by a community. It is the opposite of scientific knowledge, which is generally referred to as formal scientific knowledge. Indigenous knowledge is the basis for decision-making in many local communities. It has a value not

only for the culture in which it evolves, but also for scientists and planners striving to improve conditions in rural localities.

- q. **In-situ Conservation** – refers to on-site conservation. It is conservation of species within normal and natural habitats and ecosystems.
- r. **Marginalized Farmers** – refer to farmers with low productivity and minimal access to technology and financial support.
- s. **Organic Agriculture** – refers to all agricultural systems that promote the ecologically sound, socially acceptable, economically viable and technically feasible production of food and fibers that dramatically reduces external inputs such as chemical fertilizers, pesticides and pharmaceuticals. It also covers areas such as soil fertility management; varietal breeding and selection under chemical and pesticide-free conditions; the use of biotechnology (excluding genetically modified organisms), and other cultural practices that are consistent with the principles and policies of RA 10068 that enhance productivity without destroying the soil and harming farmers, consumers and the environment as defined by the International Federation of Organic Agriculture Movement (IFOAM).
- t. **Province** – refers to the Provincial Government of Cotabato.
- u. **Small Farmers Organization** – refers to a group of organized marginalized farmers.
- v. **Urban Agriculture** – refers to an industry that produces, processes and markets food and fuel in response to the daily demands of consumers within a town, city or metropolis on land and water dispersed throughout the urban and per-urban area applying intensive production methods, using and re-using natural resources and urban wastes to yield a diversity of crops and livestock.
- w. **Value Chain** – refers to a sequence of related business activities from the provision of specific inputs for a particular product to primary production, processing, marketing and up to the final sale to consumers. These activities are performed by operators/enterprises linking and coordinating producers, processors, traders and distributors of a particular product.
- x. **Vulnerabilities** – refer to characteristics and circumstances of a community, system or asset that make it susceptible to the damaging effects of a hazard.

SECTION 5. ACRONYM. *The following acronyms shall mean:*

- a. **BPI** –Bureau of Plant Industry
- b. **BAFPS** –Bureau of Agriculture and Fisheries Product Standards
- c. **IFOAM** – International Federation of Organic Agriculture Movements
- d. **NOAP** – National Organic Agriculture Program
- e. **GMP** –Good Manufacturing Practices

- f. **HACCP** –Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points
- g. **GAP** –Good Agricultural Practices
- h. **ATI** – Agricultural Training Institute

ARTICLE II
MANDATE, OBJECTIVES, COVERAGE
AND INTERPRETATION

SECTION 6. MANDATE. *The Provincial Government of Cotabato invokes the General Welfare Clause of the 1987 Constitution and reiterated in Republic Act No. 7160, otherwise known as the Local Government Code of 1991, as well as that of the Provincial Environment Code of Cotabato, which provides that the Province shall ensure and support, among other things, programs, policies and measures geared towards the promotion of health and safety; the enrichment of culture; enhancement of the right of the people to a balanced and healthful ecology in accord with the rhythm and harmony of Nature; the encouragement and development of appropriate environment-friendly technologies; improvement of public morals and social justice, as well as the preservation of the comfort and convenience of its inhabitants.*

In conjunction with the aforesaid declarations, and on the basis of pursuing the Provincial Government's inherent mandate of primarily enhancing environmental integrity as well as securing the general welfare of its constituency, this Code is hereby adopted pursuant to Republic Act No. 10068, otherwise known as "The Organic Agriculture Act of 2010" as well as the concomitant rules, regulations and policies issued therefor.

SECTION 7. OBJECTIVES. *This Code is promulgated to provide policy direction in the implementation of the organic agriculture programs enshrined in Republic Act No. 10068 aimed at achieving:*

- a. **Better Farm Incomes and Sustainable Livelihood.** *Increased farm productivity, reduced expenses on external farm inputs, better incomes for farmers, reduction of poverty in the rural sector;*
- b. **Improved Health.** *Better health of farmers, consumers and the public in general;*
- c. **Environmental Protection.** *Enhanced soil fertility and farm biodiversity, reduced pollution and destruction of the environment as well as prevention of further depletion of natural resources;*
- d. **Disaster Risk Reduction and Resilience to Climate Change.** *Improved resilience to disaster risks and climate change vulnerabilities caused by human intervention and naturally-induced hazards; and*
- e. **Social Justice.** *Meeting the basic material needs and improving the standards of living for all, upholding human rights gender equality, labor standards and the right to self-determination.*

SECTION 8. COVERAGE. *This Code covers the areas on development and promotion of organic agriculture and agricultural biodiversity conservation pursuant to existing laws, rules and issuances applicable in the Province of Cotabato, which include:*

- a. Local policy formulation on regulation, accreditation, certification and labelling on organic agriculture;
- b. Local initiatives on research, development and innovation of appropriate organic agriculture and agricultural biodiversity protection;
- c. Promotion, support and encouragement of the establishment of facilities, equipment and processing plants that would accelerate the production and commercialization of organic fertilizers and other appropriate organic farm inputs; and
- d. Implementation of organic agricultural programs, projects and activities, to include the provisions on support services for the marginalized farmers and other stakeholders.

SECTION 9. RULES OF INTERPRETATION.

- a. GENERAL RULE. All words and phrases shall be construed and understood according to the common and approved usage of the language; but technical words and phrases and such others that may have acquired a peculiar and appropriate meaning in law shall be construed and understood according to that peculiar and appropriate meaning.
- b. PERSON. The word "person" shall extend and be applied to natural and juridical persons such as firms, corporations or voluntary associations, susceptible of rights and obligations or of being the subject of legal relations.
- c. SHALL and MAY. "Shall" is mandatory and "May" is permissive.
- d. NUMBER. Every word using the singular number shall extend and apply to several persons or things, and every word using the plural number shall extend and apply to one person or a thing as well.

**CHAPTER II
INSTITUTION DEVELOPMENT
AND STRENGTHENING**

**ARTICLE I
PRODUCTION AND TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT**

SECTION 10. ORGANIC AGRICULTURAL ZONES. *There are hereby set aside organic agricultural zones that will be protected from encroachment and contamination of using chemical based farm inputs, mining, including genetic pollution from genetically-engineered crops and invasive exotic species.*

SECTION 11. ORGANIC AGRICULTURE LEARNING CENTERS. *There shall be established, recognized and supported organic agriculture learning centers including those initiated by the private sector, NGOs and POs that promote, market, and develop organic agriculture. Such centers shall facilitate the following:*

- a. Establishment of a strategic venue for consumer education, information and communication for a sustainable healthy lifestyle;
- b. Showcase for organic products and farm technologies;
- c. Development and implementation of holistic and sustainable technology training programs;
- d. Formulation of farm-based farmer coordinated applied research program; and
- e. Promotion of environmental economic values in enterprise development.

SECTION 12. HUMAN RESOURCE RETOOLING. *As a major strategy of the Organic Agriculture Program, the Province shall initiate a province-wide capacity-building program for LGU functionaries on the various aspects of Organic Agriculture to effectively and efficiently facilitate transfer of technology and extension of support services to current and prospective organic agriculture producers, subject to and in accordance with the pertinent provisions of Republic Act No.10068, its implementing rules and regulations and such similar issuances.*

Capacity-building in strategic enterprise management, financial management, product development, GMP, HACCP and GAP shall likewise be extended to organic producers and stakeholders.

SECTION 13. ACCREDITATION OF PRIVATE EXTENSION SERVICE PROVIDERS. *All private extension service providers shall be accredited by ATI and other agencies authorized by law to propagate technological and technical training on commodity and crop-specific organic production and processing, international quality control standards, 3rd party certification, and other concerns related to organic agriculture in the province.*

SECTION 14. INFRASTRUCTURE, EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES SUPPORT. *Facilities, equipment and processing plants shall be established in the Province that would accelerate the production and commercialization of organic fertilizers and other appropriate organic farm inputs.*

SECTION 15. PROMOTION OF URBAN ORGANIC AGRICULTURE. *Organic agriculture shall be promoted in urban areas utilizing environmentally sound and socially acceptable technologies by, among others, strengthening the integration of ecological solid waste management as enshrined in Republic Act No. 9003, otherwise known as the Ecological Solid Waste Management Act of 2000.*

SECTION 16. INTEGRATION OF ORGANIC AGRICULTURE (OA) IN EDUCATIONAL CURRICULA AT ALL LEVELS. *Pursuant to Section 23 of Republic Act No. 10068, efforts shall be initiated to integrate and strengthen organic agriculture concerns in the educational curricula at all levels.*

SECTION 17. ACCESS TO GOVERNMENT CREDIT SUPPORT. *There shall be mechanism established that will render assistance to existing and prospective organic input producers and organic farmers in securing access to government or private credit facilities to finance their endeavors.*

SECTION 18. ORGANIZATIONAL AND INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT. *Organic producers and processors shall be accorded organizational and institutional development support through capacity building in strategic enterprise management, organizational, human resource, operational, financial, market development.*

SECTION 19. SUPPORT TO MARGINALIZED FARMERS. *Support services shall also be primarily extended to marginalized farmers that will promote and enhance equitable rights, benefits and opportunities among vulnerable sectors of the society.*

**ARTICLE II
RESEARCH DEVELOPMENT
AND INNOVATION**

SECTION 20. ORGANIC AGRICULTURE PUBLICATION. *There shall be established provincial organic agriculture publication which will be a documentation of community-based participatory research output, indigenous farming practices and genetic resources endemic to Cotabato Province, as well as best practices in Organic Agriculture Initiatives.*

SECTION 21. LOCAL FARMER RESEARCH TEAMS. *Local Farmer Research Teams shall be trained and organized to undertake scientific community-based participatory research on organic agriculture.*

SECTION 22. CONSERVATION AND SYSTEMATIC DOCUMENTATION OF INDIGENOUS FARMING PRACTICES AND PLANT AND ANIMAL GENETIC RESOURCES. *With the participation of the farming communities, measures shall be institutionalized to conserve and protect indigenous knowledge system (IKS); plant and animal genetic resources relating to farming, including those that relate to germplasm conservation and propagation, as well as the various ways in which in-situ and ex-situ mechanisms are established and sustained pursuant to Section 58 of Ordinance No. 326, otherwise known as the Provincial Environment Code of Cotabato.*

SECTION 23. ORGANIC GENE/SEED BANK. *Organic gene/seed banks and network of community-based organic seed/gene banks in various parts of the Province shall be established, accredited and supported which will produce and be the source of organic, endemic or indigenous plant and animal genetic resources.*

SECTION 24. ORGANIC SEED PRODUCERS, CURATORS, BREEDERS NETWORK. *There shall be established a formal network of registered organic seed growers, curators, breeders and producers provided with the necessary support in capacity-building, scientific training, equipment, organic certification, and other such services as necessary to encourage, recognize and build Cotabato's community-based organic agri-biodiversity and pool of farmer-scientists.*

ARTICLE III MARKET DEVELOPMENT

SECTION 25. DESIGNATION OF AN ORGANIC SECTION IN ALL PUBLIC MARKETS, MALLS, SUPERMARKETS AND RETAIL SHOPS. *There shall be established and designated organic products section in all municipal and city public markets in the Province of Cotabato to raise awareness of organic products among consumers and to provide support and access to market of organic practitioners; the same shall be regulated by the respective city/municipal internal control system.*

SECTION 26. ESTABLISHMENT OF ORGANIC TRADING POST WITH ADEQUATE STORAGE FACILITIES. *Pursuant to Sections 18 and 19 of RA 10068 or the Organic Agriculture Act of 2010, the Provincial Government shall encourage and support the establishment of organic trading posts for organic inputs and produce with adequate storage facilities in strategic areas.*

SECTION 27. LOCAL INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM. *There shall be established a local internal control system at the city or municipal level which shall screen, inspect, register, assist the local organic producer, input providers, and facilitate and regulate the use of the organic section of the public market to ensure integrity and quality of organic products.*

SECTION 28. ORGANIC CERTIFICATION. *Assistance shall be provided for local organic producers to acquire organic and other certification marks for organic inputs and organic farm produce.*

SECTION 29. MARKET PROMOTION. *Assistance shall be accorded to organic producers to achieve world class quality and acceptability of products for domestic and international markets, including support to market exposure through trade missions and trade fair exhibits.*

SECTION 30. INFORMATION, EDUCATION AND COMMUNICATION. *Programs on consumer information, education and communication shall be developed, pursued and intensified to support organic agricultural production using quad media.*

**ARTICLE IV
INCENTIVES AND AWARDS**

SECTION 31. AWARDS. *Awards such as outstanding practitioners, initiatives and supporters of Organic Agriculture shall be conferred by the Province based on the guidelines and criteria duly formulated by a special body so created for the purpose.*

SECTION 32. INCENTIVES. *The province may extend local tax incentives to legitimate Organic Agriculture practitioners and organic agri-farmers in accordance with the Provincial Investment Code of Cotabato and such other incentive package duly formulated therefor.*

**CHAPTER III
IMPLEMENTING MECHANISM**

**ARTICLE I
PROVINCIAL ORGANIC AGRICULTURE
PROGRAM (POAP)**

SECTION 33. PROVINCIAL ORGANIC AGRICULTURE PROGRAM. *There shall be a Provincial Organic Agriculture Program (POAP) formulated in accordance with the National Organic Agriculture Program (NOAP).*

SECTION 34. SCOPE AND COVERAGE. *The POAP shall include, but not limited to, programs, projects, activities, promotion, personnel and facilities to ensure effective and efficient implementation of organic agriculture from the province to the barangay.*

SECTION 35. REVIEW, MONITORING AND EVALUATION. *The Provincial Government, through the POAB, shall undertake periodic review, monitoring and evaluation on the implementation of the POAP.*

**ARTICLE II
PROVINCIAL ORGANIC AGRICULTURE BOARD**

SECTION 36. PROVINCIAL ORGANIC AGRICULTURE BOARD. *There shall be established a Provincial Organic Agriculture Board or POAB.*

SECTION 37. COMPOSITION. *The POAB may be composed of the following:*

Chairman: Provincial Governor
Vice-Chairman: Provincial Agriculturist

Members:

- SP Committee Chairman on Agriculture
- Provincial Director – DILG or designated permanent alternate
- Provincial Environment and Natural Resources Officer or designated permanent alternate

- Schools Division Superintendent or designated permanent alternate
- Provincial Agrarian Reform Officer or designated permanent alternate
- Provincial Director – DTI or designated permanent alternate
- Cotabato Irrigation Management Officer or designated permanent alternate
- Provincial Health Officer or designated permanent alternate
- Three (3) Representatives from marginalized farmers group and duly accredited by the LGU concerned, one (1) from each district
- Representative from NGOs involved in organic agriculture for the last three years and duly accredited by the LGU concerned, one (1) from each district
- Representative from the academe
- Representative from the private sector or agribusiness firms
- Representative from consumer's group

SECTION 38. FUNCTIONS. *The POAB shall, in the pursuance of this Code and in coordination with and assistance of the BAFPS/Department of Agriculture, review, consolidate and endorse the local organic agriculture plans, programs, projects and activities. In accordance with these mandates, the POAB shall:*

- a. Identify and recommend organic agriculture zones as established hereof;
- b. Approve/recommend organic agriculture programs and projects;
- c. Develop incentive system and mechanism;
- d. Assist in the formulation of the implementing rules and regulations of this Code and such policies of similar import;
- e. Perform such other functions, roles and responsibilities as may be deemed necessary.

ARTICLE III LOCAL TECHNICAL COMMITTEES

SECTION 39. LOCAL TECHNICAL COMMITTEE (LTC). *Pursuant to Section 14 of RA 10068, all local government units shall establish a local technical committee.*

SECTION 40. COMPOSITION. *The LTC shall be composed of skilled representatives from NGOs, academe, private business, marginalized farmers and consumer groups, among others.*

SECTION 41. FUNCTIONS. *The provincial/municipal/city technical committee shall provide technical support and assistance to their respective LGU, through the Organic Agriculture Board, in:*

- a. the formulation of local organic agriculture plan which will form part of the annual development and investment program of the concerned LGU; and

- b. the review, consolidation and endorsement of the different organic agriculture plans, programs, projects and activities within the locality.

CHAPTER IV MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

ARTICLE I SPECIAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 41. TOLL-PACKING FACILITY. *Investments for centralized self- sustaining facilities and infrastructure in support to the organic and other producers shall be established and operated.*

SECTION 42. PROVINCIAL BUSINESS CENTER. *There shall be established a provincial business hub that will promote, showcase and link Cotabato products to domestic and international buyers.*

SECTION 43. COTABATO MARKETING TAGLINE. *“Truly Organic, Truly Global Cotabato” shall be adopted as the marketing tagline of Cotabato organic products, thereby positioning the Province as a model and home of best practices in community-based and empowering organic agriculture approaches.*

ARTICLE II PENAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 44. PROHIBITED ACTS. *Any person, natural or juridical, who wilfully and deliberately:*

- a. Obstruct the development or propagation of organic agriculture, or the manufacturer, production, sale or use of organic agricultural inputs;
- b. Refuses without just cause to extend the support and assistance required under this Code, Republic Act No. 10068 and such similar rules, regulations and issuances; and
- c. Mislabel or claims that the product is organic when it is not in accordance with existing standards.

shall, upon conviction, be penalized and/or imprisoned in accordance with the pertinent provisions stipulated in Republic Act No. 10068.

SECTION 45. APPLICABILITY CLAUSE. *All other matters not covered by this Code shall be governed by pertinent laws, rules and issuances.*

SECTION 46. BUDGETARY PROVISION. *The Province shall incorporate in its annual performance budget the necessary amount to ensure the implementation of the programs, projects and activities in the pursuance of this Code.*

SECTION 47. IMPLEMENTING RULES AND REGULATIONS. *Upon the effectivity of this Code, the Provincial Governor shall constitute the technical working group composed of the POAB, the Provincial Technical Committee and selected organic agriculture stakeholders, to formulate the necessary policies, guidelines, procedures and regulations to carry out the provisions of this Code.*

SECTION 48. SEPARABILITY CLAUSE. *If any part of this Code is declared unconstitutional, the remaining parts unaffected thereby shall continue to remain valid and in effect.*

SECTION 49. REPEALING CLAUSE. *All ordinances, executive orders, rules and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with this Code are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.*

SECTION 50. EFFECTIVITY CLAUSE. *This Ordinance shall take effect upon publication in local newspaper of general circulation in the Province of Cotabato for three (3) consecutive issues, and posting of the same in at least three (3) conspicuous public places in the Province for a period of three (3) weeks, whichever occurs later.*

APPROVED.

CERTIFIED CORRECT:

TERESITA A. PAGADUAN

(Supervising Administrative Officer)

Secretary-Designate

[Per Office Order No. 045, dated November 5, 2012]

ATTESTED:

GREGORIO T. IPONG

(Vice Governor)

Presiding Officer

APPROVED:

EMMYLOU “LALA” J. TALIÑO-MENDOZA

Governor

Date: _____



The Honorable Governor
Amas, Kidapawan City



All concerned
This Province

REF NO.: PRO-03-2013-0001

eag